

CSEC Biology Exam Breakdown

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Format

The CSEC Biology examination assesses three core profiles:

- Knowledge and Comprehension (KC)
- Use of Knowledge (UK)
- Experimental Skills (XS)

These determine how your marks are distributed across the exam.

Profile	Percentage
Knowledge & Comprehension	48%
Use of Knowledge	32.5%
Experimental Skills	19.5%

Total marks: **200**

The exam consists of **three papers**.

Paper 01 – Multiple Choice

Duration: 1 hour 15 minutes

Questions: 60

Paper 01 is a **pure knowledge test**. It focuses mainly on recall and basic understanding.

Content is drawn from:

- Section A (Ecology)
- Section B (Life Processes)
- Section C (Genetics & Variation)

Questions test:

- Definitions
- Basic concepts
- Simple applications
- Diagram interpretation

Paper 01 Tips

- Move fast. Do not spend too long on one question.
- Eliminate wrong options first.
- Watch for trick wording, especially in definitions.
- Be careful with units, terms, and biological vocabulary.

Paper 02 – Structured and Extended Response

Duration: 2 hours 30 minutes

This is the **main paper** and carries the most weight.

Structure:

- 1 Data Analysis Question (compulsory)
- 2 Structured Questions
- 3 Extended Response Questions (you answer 2)

Data Analysis Question (Compulsory)

Tests your ability to:

- Interpret graphs, tables, or experiments
- Identify trends and patterns
- Make calculations
- Draw conclusions

You may be required to:

- Explain relationships
 - Suggest improvements to experiments
 - Identify sources of error
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Structured Questions

These are broken into smaller parts and test:

- Definitions
- Explanations
- Diagrams
- Short reasoning

Expect:

- Step-by-step thinking
 - Clear, concise answers
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Extended Response Questions

These require longer answers and deeper understanding.

Typical tasks:

- Explain biological processes in detail
- Compare concepts
- Apply knowledge to unfamiliar situations

Topics commonly tested:

- Photosynthesis and respiration
- Transport systems
- Reproduction
- Genetics and variation
- Ecology and human impact

Paper 02 Tips

- Answer exactly what is asked. Do not waffle.
 - Use correct biological terminology.
 - For longer questions, structure your answer logically.
 - If a question is worth many marks, give multiple points.
 - Always refer to data when answering data-based questions.
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Paper 03 – School-Based Assessment (SBA)

This paper assesses **practical and experimental skills**.

It contributes **40%** of the total marks.

Skills Assessed

- Planning and Designing (PD)
 - Observation, Recording, Reporting (ORR)
 - Manipulation and Measurement (MM)
 - Analysis and Interpretation (AI)
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What You Must Be Able To Do

- Design experiments with:
 - Aim
 - Hypothesis
 - Variables
 - Controls
 - Record data accurately using:
 - Tables
 - Graphs
 - Interpret results and draw conclusions
 - Identify errors and suggest improvements
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Practical Expectations

You must understand how to:

- Use lab equipment
 - Take measurements accurately
 - Present data properly
 - Analyse experimental results
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SBA Tips

- Do not just copy results. Understand what you are doing.
 - Always include units and labels.
 - Graphs must be properly scaled and labelled.
 - Conclusions must link directly to results.
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Paper 03/2 – Alternative to SBA (Private Candidates)

Duration: 2 hours 10 minutes

This paper replaces the SBA for private candidates.

It tests:

- Experimental design
 - Data interpretation
 - Practical reasoning
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Syllabus Content

The syllabus is divided into three major sections:

Section A – Living Organisms in the Environment

Focus:

- Ecology
- Food chains and webs
- Nutrient cycles
- Human impact on the environment

Key skills:

- Interpreting ecological data
 - Understanding relationships between organisms
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Section B – Life Processes and Disease

This is the **largest and most important section**.

Focus:

- Cells
- Nutrition (plants and humans)
- Respiration
- Transport systems
- Excretion
- Movement
- Reproduction
- Disease

This section dominates Paper 02.

Section C – Continuity and Variation

Focus:

- Genetics (inheritance)
- Variation
- Natural selection
- Mutation
- Evolution
- Genetic engineering

This section requires both:

- Calculation (Punnett squares)
 - Explanation (theory)
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How You Are Actually Tested

The exam does not just test memory. It tests three levels:

Knowledge

- Definitions
- Facts
- Basic understanding

Application

- Using knowledge in new situations
- Explaining processes
- Solving problems

Analysis

- Interpreting data
 - Evaluating experiments
 - Drawing conclusions
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Common Mistakes

- Writing vague answers instead of specific biological explanations
 - Ignoring command words like “describe”, “explain”, or “compare”
 - Poor graph construction (missing labels, wrong scales)
 - Confusing similar processes (e.g., respiration vs breathing)
 - Not linking answers to given data
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Study Strategy

To perform well in CSEC Biology, focus on the following:

Understand, Don't Memorise

You must understand processes, not just definitions.

Practice Data Questions

Data analysis appears every year. You must be comfortable with:

- Graphs
 - Tables
 - Experimental setups
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Master Key Topics

High-yield topics include:

- Photosynthesis
 - Respiration
 - Transport systems
 - Genetics
 - Ecology
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Use Past Papers

This is the most effective preparation.

Focus on:

- Question patterns
 - Mark schemes
 - Timing
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Learn How to Answer Questions

- Define terms clearly
 - Explain using cause-and-effect
 - Use examples where possible
 - Structure longer answers logically
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Final Insight

Biology is not hard because of content. It is hard because of **how answers must be written**.

Students lose marks by:

- Being vague
- Not answering the question properly
- Not applying knowledge

If you fix that, your grade jumps immediately.

Study Vault